## board (see: table)

This is what hangs on the wall in a school or company and has information or messages on it. E.g. 'notice-board' or 'message-board' - schwarzes Brett - or 'pin-board' - Pinwand.

Also in the classroom the teacher writes on it with chalk - Kreide. Then in English it's a 'black-board' - Wandtafel.

There is a danger of confusion here because of the German word - Tafel - which it's easy to think of as 'table'. Sometimes 'table' can be translated as - Tafel - but normally 'table' is - Tisch. So be careful if you say:

A: The teacher wrote it on the table - der Lehrer hat's auf dem Tisch geschrieben - or:

B: You can pin a message on the table - *Sie können eine Nachricht auf den Tisch heften.* 



## bone

If you go around telling colleagues that you had 'bone soup' for lunch or that you like bones in your salad, they will think you are turning into a cave man – *Höhlenmensch*.

'Bone' is - Knochen - ,

'bone soup' is - *Knochensuppe* - and

'bones' in your salad are - Knochen in dem Salat.

You mean 'beans' - Bohnen - ... don't you?

trust (see: thrust)

Trust (no 'th') - vertrauen.

Tuesday (see: Thursday) (see also: Appendix 3)

- DIENSTAG!!! - NOT - DONNERSTAG!!!

## Turk/Turkey/turkey

What do you make of this?

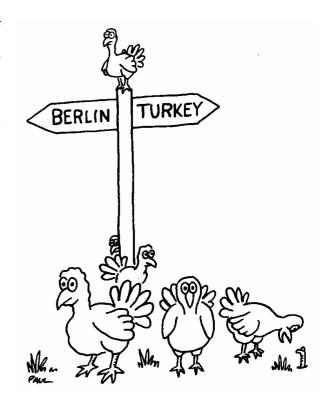
A: 20% of the inhabitants of Berlin are Turkeys - (I hope they pay feather-tax!)

B: I think we treat Turkeys very badly in Germany

C: Well, in England we eat Turkeys at Christmas! (Cannibals!!)

A 'turkey' is - *Truthahn*.

The country - *Türkei* - is 'Turkey' but the people - *die Türken* - are 'Turks'.



So what did we say? We said:

A: 20% der Bewohner von Berlin sind Truthähne... - and

B: Ich glaube, dass wir Truthähne ganz schlecht behandeln in Deutschland -

C: Nun, in England essen wir Truthähne zu Weihnachten